

A Reading List for the Alert Citizen

Ludwig von Mises

Assisted by Ruth V. Lewis

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Preliminary Remarks

The following list of books has been compiled to comply with the requests of many friends of The Foundation for Economic Education. The idea was to collect the titles of books which may be useful to citizens intent upon getting information about vital economic, social and political problems.

The list is certainly not complete. It does not name many important and excellent works. It would have been easy to multiply the size of this booklet by including many other books. Yet the usefulness of this guide through the bewildering maze of the literature on these subjects would have hardly been increased by adding some hundred titles more. The reader of the volumes listed will find in them references to all the other works which may be of interest to him.

To many of the titles listed short remarks or quotations from published reviews were appended. The aim was to give better information about the contents than the title alone provides.

The books marked by an asterisk can be ordered from The Foundation for Economic Education, Irvington-on-Hudson, New York.

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I. The American Philosophy of Freedom and Free Enterprise

*HARPER, F. A. Liberty: A Path to Its Recovery. Irvington, New York: Foundation for Economic Education, 1949. 159 pp. Cloth \$1.50; paper \$1.00.

The author, former professor at Cornell University, is a member of the staff of The Foundation for Economic Education.

HOOVER, HERBERT. American Individualism. Garden City, New York: Doubleday, Page & Co., 1922. 72 pp.

The author is the former President of the United States.

LANE, ROSE WILDER. Give Me Liberty. First published in 1936; several reprints. 62 pp.

The author is one of the most renowned and most learned interpreters of American ideas.

MORLEY, FELIX. The Power in the People. New York: D. Van Nostrand Co., 1949. Pp. xii-293. \$3.50.

The author is former president of Haverford College, Haverford, Pennsylvania, former editor of the "Washington Post," and former editor and president of Human Events, Inc.

ORTON, WILLIAM A. The Economic Role of the State. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1950. 210 pp. \$3.00.

The author is professor of economics at Smith College. (The book is based on the Walgreen Lectures given by Mr. Orton at the University of Chicago.)

QUEENY, EDGAR M. The Spirit of Enterprise. New York: C. Scribner's Sons, 1943. Pp. x-267. \$2.00.

The author is an eminent American businessman.

WEAVER, RICHARD M. Ideas Have Consequences. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1948. Pp. v-189. \$2.75.

The author is an assistant professor of English at the University of Chicago.

WRIGHT, DAVID McCORD. Democracy and Progress. New York: Macmillan Co., 1948. Pp. xvii-220. \$3.50.

The author is professor of economics and lecturer in law at the University of Virginia.

WRISTON, HENRY MERRITT. Challenge to Freedom. New York: Harper & Brothers, 1943. Pp. x-240.

The author is president of Brown University in Providence, Rhode Island.

The American Individual Enterprise System, Its Nature, Evolution and Future. 2 vols. The Economic Principles Commission of the National Association of Manufacturers. New York: McGraw-Hill Book Co., 1946. \$10.00.

An interpretation of the American economic system, elaborated under the direction of a group of eminent American businessmen and economists.

II. Facts About American Capitalism

HACKER, L. M. The Triumph of American Capitalism; the Development of Forces in American History to the End of the 19th Century. New York: Simon & Schuster, 1940. Pp. x-460.

The author is an associate professor of economics at Columbia University.

KING, WILLFORD ISBELL. The Keys to Prosperity. New York: Constitution Free Enterprise Foundation, 1948. Pp. xvii-242. \$4.00.

The author is Professor Emeritus at New York University, and a former president of The American Statistical Association. His book gives a reasoned interpretation of the achievements of American capitalism.

SNYDER, CARL. Capitalism the Creator; One Hundred and Fifty Years of Industrial Progress in the United States; or the Economic Foundations of Modern Industrial Society. New York: Macmillan Co., 1940. Pp. xii-473.

"The thesis here presented. . . is that there is one way, and only one way, that any people, in all history, have ever risen from barbarism and poverty to affluence and culture; and that is by that concentrated and highly organized system of production and exchange which we call capitalistic." p. 4.

III. The Classics of the Philosophy of Freedom.

HUME, DAVID. Essays, Moral, Political and Literary. First published in 1741; many reprints.

Some of the essays in this work of Hume, the great philosopher and historian, may be considered as the starting point, both of British classical economics and the modern philosophy of freedom.

SMITH, ADAM. An Inquiry into the Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations. First published in 1776; many reprints.

Excerpts of this famous book and an introduction to the study of it are contained in the book by GEORGE S. MONTGOMERY, JR., The Return of Adam Smith. (Caldwell, Idaho: Caxton Printers, Ltd., 1949. Pp. xii-147. \$2.50.)

MILL, JOHN STUART. On Liberty. First published in 1859; many reprints.

This book is considered to be the most valuable essay on political liberty.

BASTIAT, FREDERIC. Mélanges d'Economie Politique. First published in 1847-1850; easily available in English language are only parts of these essays, viz., (1) Social Fallacies (Economic Sophisms), Register Publishing Co., Santa Ana, Calif., (2) * The Law, Foundation for Economic Education, Irvington, N. Y., (3) Protection and Communism, mimeographed edition by Leonard E. Read.

Bastiat was the most brilliant among the French authors and politicians who (like Michel Chevallier, M. A. Thiers and Alexis de Tocqueville) in the middle of the nineteenth century exploded the fallacies of pre-marxian socialism.

SPENCER, HERBERT. The Man Versus the State. Caldwell, Idaho: Caxton Printers, Ltd., 1940 (first published in 1884). Pp. xiv-213. \$2.50.

Herbert Spencer, the philosopher and sociologist, was the first British author who criticized those trends in economic policies which finally resulted in the sway of the Labor Party.

IV. The Doctrines and Policies of the Self-Styled Progressives;
Interventionism; The New Deal and The Fair Deal.

1. The Fundamental Writings of the Progressive Authors:

The books listed in this section are the most important writings of those authors who advocate, under various names such as full employment policy, social security stability, government interference with business.

BEVERIDGE, SIR WILLIAM HENRY. Full Employment in a Free Society. New York: W. W. Norton & Co., Inc., 1945. 429 pp.

CLARK, JOHN MAURICE. Alternative to Serfdom. New York: Alfred H. Knopf, 1948. Pp. xii-153-vi. \$3.00.

The book is based on five lectures delivered on the William W. Cook Foundation at the University of Michigan, March 1947.

_____. Guideposts in Time of Change: Some Essentials for a Sound American Economy. New York: Harper & Brothers, 1949. Pp. x-210. \$3.00.

The book is based on six lectures delivered by the author at Amherst College, 1947-1948.

HANSEN, ALVIN HARVEY. Economic Policy and Full Employment. New York: Whittlesey House, 1947. Pp. xii-340. \$4.00.

_____. Economic Stabilization in an Unbalanced World. New York: Harcourt, Brace & Co., 1932. Pp. ix-384.

KEYNES, JOHN MAYNARD. The General Theory of Employment, Interest and Money. New York: Harcourt, Brace & Co., 1936. 403 pp. \$4.50.

LERNER, ABBA P. The Economics of Control; Principles of Welfare Economics. New York: Macmillan Co., 1944. Pp. xxii-428.

SLICHTER, SUMNER H. The American Economy; Its Problems and Prospects. New York: Alfred H. Knopf, 1948. Pp. vii-214. \$2.75.

2. General Critique of Interventionism and New Dealism:

ANDERSON, BENJAMIN McALESTER. Economics and the Public Welfare; Financial and Economic History of the United States, 1914-1946. New York: D. Van Nostrand Co., 1949. Pp. xiv-602.

This posthumous work of the great economist gives a general critical analysis not only of the American progressive policies, but also of those of the most important European countries. It is indispensable reading for everybody who wants to familiarize himself with the essential problems of contemporary American and European economic policies.

HAYEK, FRIEDRICH A. VON. Individualism and Economic Order. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1948. Pp. vii-272. \$4.00.

Among the essays contained in this volume there are especially remarkable those which refute the garbled ideas concerning competition.

_____. The Road to Serfdom. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1944. Pp. xi-250. \$2.00

The author points out that economic planning necessarily brings about the virtual disappearance of civil liberties.

*HAZLITT, HENRY. Economics in One Lesson. New York: Harper & Brothers, 1946 (2nd edition). Pp. xi-222. \$2.00. Also available in pocketbook edition, 25¢.

"A critical analysis of economic fallacies that are at last so prevalent that they have become almost a new orthodoxy." This book is no less indispensable than a book of Anderson. As it is small in size only and omits involvement in too much historical detail, it is easier to read. It is the best and most concise introduction into the study of the main problems of present-day economic policies."

MISES, LUDWIG VON. Bureaucracy. New Haven: Yale University Press, 1944. Pp. viii-125. \$2.00.

This book describes the fundamental difference between business management and bureaucratic management.

SIMONS, HENRY CALVERT. Economic Policy for a Free Society. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1948. Pp. ix-353. \$3.75.

This book is remarkable for its keen critique of labor unionism.

3. Critique of the American New Deal and Fair Deal:

FLYNN, JOHN T. The Road Ahead; America's Creeping Revolution.
New York: The Devin-Adair Co., 1949. 160 pp. \$2.50.

The author shows how present-day American economic policies, notwithstanding the protests to the contrary on the part of their advocates, are tending toward establishment of totalitarian socialism.

HARPER, F. A. The Crisis of the Free Market. New York: National Industrial Conference Board, 1945. 83 pp.

An explanation of the advantages of freedom in prices and exchange, written while the author was professor of Marketing at Cornell University.

*RUSSELL, DEAN. The TVA Idea. Irvington, N. Y.: Foundation for Economic Education, 1949. 108 pp. 75¢.

An analysis of the economic, financial and political consequences of the achievements of the Tennessee Valley Authority.

SCOVILLE, JOHN and SARGENT, NOEL. Facts and Fancy in the T.N.E.C. Monographs. New York: National Association of Manufacturers, 1942. Pp. v-xvi-812.

The late John Scoville was chief statistician of the Chrysler Corporation. Noel Sargent is the secretary of the National Association of Manufacturers. The book gives a critical analysis of the most vehement and radical attack on the American enterprise system, the monographs of the Temporary National Economic Committee.

SWANSON, ERNST W. and SCHMIDT, EMERSON P. Economic Stagnation or Progress. New York: McGraw-Hill Book Co., 1946. Pp xi-212. \$3.00.

A critique of recent doctrines on the mature economy, oversaving, and deficit spending.

TERBORGH, GEORGE. The Bogey of Economic Maturity. Chicago: Machinery and Allied Products Institute, 1945. Pp. xviii-263.

One of the main arguments advanced against sound economics was based on the assertion that "the mature economy requires a throughout change of economic policies." This book has entirely exploded this fallacy.

ARMSTRONG, P. C. Two and Two; A Study of Economic Superstitions. Toronto: J. M. Dent & Sons, Ltd., 1948. 127 pp.

A critical analysis of the quasi New Deal policies of Canada.

4. Critique of the Policies of the British Labor Party:

BASTER, A. S. J. The Little Less; An Essay in the Political Economy of Restrictionism. London: Methuen & Co., Ltd., 1947. Pp. vi-161. \$2.00.

The author criticizes various aspects of present-day British policies.

JEWKES, JOHN. Ordeal by Planning. London: Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 1948. Pp. xi-248. \$3.75.

Another critique of various aspects of the policies of the Labor Party.

5. Critique of Interventionism of Continental Europe:

MISES, LUDWIG VON. Omnipotent Government; The Rise of the Total State and of Total War. New Haven: Yale University Press, 1944. Pp. ix-291. \$4.00.

This book shows how interventionism step by step converted Germany into a totalitarian state, destroyed the prosperity of Germany and brought about two world wars.

6. Critique of Labor Unionism:

HUTT, W. H. The Theory of Collective Bargaining. London: P. S. King and Son, Ltd., 1930. Pp. viii-112.

The book analyzes critically the arguments advanced for the justification of labor unionism.

LINDBLOM, CHARLES E. Unions and Capitalism. New Haven: Yale University Press, 1949. Pp. xi-267. \$3.75.

The author shows how labor unionism saps the very foundation of a free economic system.

V. Economics.

1. Introductory Books:

Two thought introductory books written by the eminent British economist.

CANNAN, EDWIN. Money: Its Connection with Rising and Falling Prices. London: P. S. King and Son, Ltd., 1935. First published in 1918. Pp. x-155.

_____. Wealth: A Brief Explanation of the Causes of Economic Welfare. London: P. S. King and Son, Ltd., 1914. Pp. xxiii-274.

2. For a General Survey of the whole Field:

The two best American textbooks are:

FETTER, FRANK A. Economics: Vol. I, Economic Principles; Vol. II, Modern Economic Problems. New York: The Century Co., 1915; rev. 1922.

TAUSSIG, F. W. Principles of Economics. New York: Macmillan Co., 1939; first published in 1911. Pp. xxii-547.

3. For a Thorough Study of the Essential Problems:

BOEHM-BAWERK, EUGEN VON. Kapital und Kapitalzins. First published 1884-1888. The third edition (1909-1914) is revised and enlarged.

The first volume of the first edition was translated by WILLIAM SMART and was published in 1890, in London, Macmillan and Co., Ltd. under the title of Capital and Interest.

The second volume of the first edition was also translated by WILLIAM SMART and was published in 1891 by Macmillan and Co., Ltd. in London, under the title, The Positive Theory of Capital.

Boehm-Bawerk is the most eminent economist of the "Austrian School of Economics." The first volume of his book contains a thorough refutation of Karl Marx's theory of value and exploitation.

CLARK, JOHN BATES. The Distribution of Wealth: A Theory of Wages, Interest and Profits. New York and London. Macmillan Co., 1899. Pp. xxviii-445.

———. Essentials of Economic Theory; As Applied to Modern Problems of Industry and Public Policy. New York: Macmillan Co., 1907. Pp. xiv-566.

John Bates Clark was the most eminent American economist and one of the champions of the modern theory of value and prices.

KNIGHT, FRANK H. Risk, Uncertainty and Profit. Boston and New York: Houghton Mifflin Co., 1921. Pp. xiv-381. (This work was first published in 1921 as number xxxi in Messrs. Hart, Schaffner and Marx's series of prize essays on economics; reprint no. 16 -- London School of Economics and Political Science, 1933, reissued 1935, 1937 and 1939; Pp. xlii-381, with a new introduction by the author.)

A fundamental investigation about the problems of entrepreneurial action and entrepreneurial profit and loss.

* MISES, LUDWIG VON. Human Action: A Treatise on Economics. New Haven: Yale University Press, 1949. Pp. xv-889. \$10.00.

A comprehensive treatise on the essential problems on economic theory and economic policies.

WICKSTEED, PHILIP H. The Common Sense of Political Economy; Including a Study of the Human Basis of Economic Law. 2 vols. London: George Routledge & Sons, Ltd., 1933.

A profound analysis of the theory of value.

4. Other Remarkable Books on Economics:

The following books have been selected out of the great number of recent economic publications. The titles of these books are self-explanatory and do not need further comment.

CORTNEY, PHILIP. The Economic Munich: (The I.T.O. Charter, Inflation or Liberty, The 1929 Lesson.) New York: The Philosophical Library, 1949. Pp. xx-262.

DRUCKER, PETER F. Concept of the Corporation. New York: John Day Co., 1946. Pp. ix-297. \$3.50.

GRIFFIN, CLARE E. Enterprise in a Free Society. Chicago: Richard D. Irwin, Inc., 1949. Pp. xiv-583. \$5.00

HAHN, L. ALBERT. The Economics of Illusion: A Critical Analysis of Contemporary Economic Theory and Policy. New York: Squier Publishing Co., Inc., 1949. Pp. viii-273.

KNIGHT, FRANK H. The Ethics of Competition and Other Essays. London: G. Allen & Unwin, Ltd., 1935. 363 pp.

ROBBINS, LIONEL. Economic Planning and International Order. London: Macmillan and Co., Ltd., 1937. Pp. xv-330.

_____. The Economic Basis of Class Conflict. London: Macmillan and Co., Ltd., 1939. Pp. xiv-277. \$2.00.

5. Economic Problems of Agriculture:

BRANDT, KARL. The Reconstruction of World Agriculture. New York: W. W. Norton & Co., Inc., 1945. Pp. viii-7-416. \$4.00

The author is professor at the Food Research Institute of Stanford University, and was prior to 1933 a professor of Economics at one of the German universities.

HARPER, F. A. and PEARSON, FRANK A. The World's Hunger. Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Press, 1945. 90 pp. \$1.50.

A lucid treatise on the food that is, and can be, produced and eaten around the world. The authors were professors of Marketing and Statistics at Cornell University.

PRENTICE, E. PARMALEE. Hunger and History. New York: Harper & Brothers, 1939. Pp. xvii-269.

A carefully documented history of agricultural methods, and the diets of peoples from early times; the effect of liberty on welfare in food.

6. Books on International Economic Relations:

BASTABLE, C. F. The Theory of International Trade with Some of Its Applications to Economic Policy. London: Macmillan Co., 4th edition revised. 1903; 1929. Pp. xvi-197.

This book, first published in 1897, is still the best presentation of the classical free trade doctrine.

HABERLER, GOTTFRIED. The Theory of International Trade with Its Applications to Commercial Policy. Translated from the German by ALFRED STONIER and FREDERIC BENHAM. London: W. Hodge & Co., Ltd., 1936. Pp. xv-408.

A systematic presentation of all problems of international economic relations.

HEILPERIN, MICHAEL A. The Trade of Nations. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1947. Pp. xix-234. \$3.00.

A useful analysis of the post-war problems of international economic relations.

ROBBINS, LIONEL. The Economic Causes of War. London: Jonathan Cape, 1939. 124 pp. \$1.50.

This book is especially remarkable for its analysis of the Marxian doctrine of imperialism.

SULZBACH, WALTER. Capitalistic Warmongers, A Modern Superstition. Chicago: University of Chicago Press. Public Policy Pamphlet no. 35. 35 pp. 25¢.

This short pamphlet gives a well-documented refutation of the socialist doctrine that wars are kindled by capitalism and the capitalists.

VI. History of Economic Thought.

For the study of the history of economic thought and the ideas dominating economic policies, the following books are recommended.

CANNAN, EDWIN. A Review of Economic Theory. London: P. S. King & Son, Ltd., 1929. Pp. x-448.

FERGUSON, JOHN M. Landmarks of Economic Thought. New York: Longmans, Green & Co., first published in 1938, reprinted in 1947. Pp. xvi-299. \$2.25.

GIDE, C. and RIST C. A History of Economic Doctrines from the Time of the Physiocrats to the Present Day. An authorized translation from the 2nd revised and augmented edition of 1913, under the direction of the late Professor William Smart, by R. RICHARDS. New York and Boston: D. C. Heath & Co., 1915. Pp. xxiii-672.

HANEY, LEWIS H. History of Economic Thought; A Critical Account of the Origin and Development of the Economic Theories of the Leading Thinkers in the Leading Nations. New York: Macmillan Co., fourth and enlarged edition, 1949. Pp. xxii-996. \$5.00.

VII. Socialism.

1. The Basic Documents:

An understanding of present-day problems requires knowledge of the most important documents of Marxian Socialism. The most important documents are:

MARX, KARL and ENGELS, FREDERICK. The Communist Manifesto. First published in 1848; many reprints.

LENIN, NIKOLAI. The State and Revolution; Marxist Teaching on the State and the Task of the Proletariat in the Revolution. First published in 1917; many reprints.

Blueprint for World Conquest; As Outlined by The Communist International. With an introduction by William Henry Chamberlin. Chicago: Human Events, Inc., 1946. 264 pp.

A useful anthology of the most important Marxian writings is provided by volume 202 of the Modern Library, New York; (edited with an introduction by Max Eastman³). It contains excerpts from the main theoretical book of Marx, Capital, a complete reprint of The Communist Manifesto, some short excerpts from other writings of Marx and Engels, and an essay on Marxism by Lenin.

2. History of Socialist Literature:

GRAY, ALEXANDER. The Socialist Tradition; Moses to Lenin.
London: Longmans, Green & Co., 1946. Pp. x-523. \$4.75.

Objections could be raised about this book's treatment of the history of socialism, however, it is the only book available which is not outright socialist propaganda.

SCHWARZSCHILD, LEOPOLD. The Red Prussian; The Life and Legend of Karl Marx. Translated from the German by MARGARET WING.
New York: C. Scribner's Sons, 1947. Pp. xii-422. \$4.00.

This is the only biography of Marx which is not an uncritical eulogy.

3. Critique of Socialism:

HOFF, T. J. B. Economic Calculation in the Socialist Society.
London: William Hodge & Co., Ltd., 1949. Pp. vii-257.

A learned analysis of this fundamental economic problem of socialism.

KELSEN, HANS. Sozialismus und Staat; Eine Untersuchung der Politischen Theorie des Marxismus. Leipzig: C. L. Hirschfeld, 1923; 2nd edition (no English translation available). Pp. viii-208.

The most profound critique of the Marxian dogmas concerning the "withering away of the state" and the dictatorship of the proletariat by an eminent lawyer and philosopher of law.

_____. The Political Theory of Bolshevism; A Critical Analysis. Berkeley, Calif.: University of California Press, 1948. 60 pp. Paper \$1.00.

A critical appraisal of the Soviet Constitution.

MISES, LUDWIG VON. Socialism, An Economic and Sociological Analysis. Translated by J. KAHANE. New York: Macmillan Co., 1936. 528 pp.

This book, a scientific analysis of the whole complex of socialist ideas and policies, is especially remarkable for the treatment of the problem of economic calculation and of socialism.

- * _____ . Planned Chaos. Irvington, New York: Foundation for Economic Education, 1947. 90 pp. 65¢.

This study was written as an epilogue to the above mentioned book. It deals with new socialist developments.

4. Critique of Marxism:

- CROCE, BENEDETTO. Historical Materialism and the Economics of Karl Marx. Translated by C. M. MEREDITH. New York: Macmillan Co., 1914. Pp. xxiii-188.

Among the many books dealing with Marxian "dialectical materialism," this book by the famous Italian philosopher is especially remarkable.

- BOEHM-BAWERK, EUGEN VON. Karl Marx and the Close of His System; A Criticism. Translated by A. M. MACDONALD. London: T. F. Unwin, 1898. 221 pp. (This edition is out of print. A new edition was published by Augustus M. Kelley, New York, 1949, in a volume that contains two other essays. \$3.50.)

When Eugen Boehm-Bawerk published his devastating critique of the Marxian theory of value and exploitation (see Chapter V. Section 3) the third volume of the Kapital had not yet been published. When a third and last volume of Kapital was published, Boehm-Bawerk analyzed the contents of this volume in this study.

- EASTMAN, MAX. Marxism, Is It Science? New York: W. W. Norton & Co., Inc., 1940. 394 pp.

A critique of Marxism by an eminent author who, having been in earlier years a supporter of Marxism, later became a keen critic of it.

- JOSEPH, H. W. B. The Labour Theory of Value in Karl Marx. London: Oxford University Press, 1923. 176 pp.

A careful analysis and refutation of the Marxian theory of value and exploitation.

PARKES, HENRY BAMFORD. Marxism: An Autopsy. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Co., 1939. 299 pp. \$3.00.

A critical analysis of Marxism by an eminent American author.

5. The Soviets:

CHAMBERLIN, WILLIAM HENRY. Collectivism, A False Utopia. New York: Macmillan Co., 1937. Pp. vi-265.

DALLIN, DAVID J. The Real Soviet Russia. Translated by JOSEPH SHAPLEN. New Haven: Yale University Press, 1944. Pp. x-260. \$3.50.

In the last thirty years many hundreds of books about Soviet Russia have been published in the English language. The greater part of them glorify in an uncritical way everything that the Bolsheviks have done. But there are also a great many books which provide a good description of Russian conditions. It is rather difficult to select the best ones.

William H. Chamberlin is an American who spent many years in Russia as correspondent for the Christian Science Monitor. From his several books dealing with Russia we selected the one mentioned above.

David J. Dallin is a Russian exile living in the United States. He, too, published many books about the Soviets. The above mentioned seems to provide the best introduction into the study of the Soviet system.

6. World Communism:

In the last few years several good books have been published about the activities of the communist parties outside of Russia. The book of Mr. Ebon is a very useful introduction into the study of these problems.

EBON, MARTIN. World Communism Today. New York: Whittlesey House, 1948. Pp. viii-536. \$5.00.

VIII. The Social and Economic Doctrines of the Christian Churches.

1. General Studies:

TROELTSCH, ERNST. The Social Teaching of the Christian Churches.
2 vols. Translated by OLIVE WYON. New York: Macmillan Co., 1931.
(Printed in Great Britain under auspices of the Halley Stewart Fund -
a Halley Stewart publication no. 1.) \$12.50.

An historical investigation by the famous German protestant theologian and historian. A very important work for people interested in dogmatic and theological studies.

WEBER, MAX. Gesammelte Aufsätze zur Religionssoziologie. 3 vols.
Tübingen: J. C. B. Mohr, 1920-1921.

A comprehensive study dealing with all the great religions of the world. There is no English-language translation of the whole work available. Only the most important part has been translated:

WEBER, MAX. The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism.
Translated by TALCOTT PARSONS. London: G. Allen &
Unwin, Ltd., 1930. Pp. xi-292.

TAWNEY, R. H. Religion and the Rise of Capitalism. New York: Penguin Books, Inc., A Pelican Book, no. 22. 35¢. First published in 1926 by Harcourt, Brace and Co., Inc.

A biased study by one of the leading British socialists.

2. The Roman Catholic Church:

Five Great Encyclicals. With discussion outlines by Rev. G. C. Treacy, S. J. The Paulish Press, 401 W. 59th Street, New York 19. Paper binding 50¢; cloth \$1.50.

This booklet contains, besides three other encyclicals, the two fundamental documents of Catholic social doctrine, the Encyclical Rerum novarum of Pope Leo XIII and the Encyclical Quadragesimo anno of Pope Pius XI, in authentic English-language translation.

3. The Anglo-Catholic Church:

TEMPLE, WILLIAM. Christianity and Social Order. New York: Penguin Books, Inc., A Penguin Special no. 207, 1942. 90 pp. 35¢.

A plea for radical reforms of capitalism, written by the late Archbishop of Canterbury.

4. The Protestant Churches:

The Church and the Disorder of Society. World Council of Churches. New York: Harper & Brothers, 1948. 205 pp.

This is a symposium of articles by J. H. Oldham, Jacques Ellul, M. Searles Bates, M. M. Thomas, Reinhold Niebuhr, Kathleen Bliss, John C. Bennett, E. C. Urwin, C. L. Patijn, and Emil Brunner. On pages 197 to 205 there is reprinted the report of Section III of the First Assembly of the World Council of Churches in Amsterdam, Holland, August and September 1948, on "The Church and the Disorder of Society" which was received unanimously by the Assembly and commended to the churches for their serious consideration and appropriate action.

BRUNNER, EMIL. Justice and the Social Order. Translated by MARY HOTTINGER. New York: Harper & Brothers, 1945. 257 pp. \$3.00.

The author is one of the most eminent representatives of European continental Protestantism.

5. The Russian Orthodox Church:

BERDYAYEV, NIKOLAI ALEKSANDROVICH. The Origin of Russian Communism. Translated from Russian by R. M. FRENCH. London: G. Bles: The Centenary Press, 1937. 239 pp.

The author is in exile and in no way connected with the Soviet authorities. There is no book available in the English language that would give an authoritative statement of the teachings of the Russian Church in present-day Russia.

IX. Nationalism.

HAYES, CARLTON J. H. Essays on Nationalism. New York: Macmillan Co., 1926. 279 pp.

_____. The Historical Evolution of Modern Nationalism. New York: Macmillan Co., 1948. Pp. viii-327. \$4.00. (First published in 1931.)

The author is an eminent historian, Professor Emeritus of Columbia University, and former American ambassador to Spain.

HERTZ, FREDERICK. Nationality in History and Politics; A Study of the Psychology and Sociology of National Sentiment and Character. London: Kegan Paul, Trench, Trubner & Co., Ltd., 1944. Pp. x-417.

KOHN, HANS. The Idea of Nationalism; A Study in Its Origins and Backgrounds. New York: Macmillan Co., 1944. Pp. xiii-735. \$7.50.

SULZBACH, WALTER. National Consciousness. Washington, D. C.: American Council of Public Affairs, 1943. Pp. x-168.

X. Reflections on History.

BURCKHARDT, JACOB. Force and Freedom; Reflections on History. Edited with an introduction by James Hastings Nichols. New York: Pantheon Books, Inc., 1943. Pp. vi-382. \$3.50.

The author was an eminent Swiss historian who acquired world-wide fame by his book on the Italian Renaissance. He was one of the first scholars who dealt with the rising tide of totalitarianism.

COLLINGWOOD, ROBIN GEORGE. The Idea of History. New York: Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1946. Pp. xxvi-339. \$6.00.

JOUVENEL, BERTRAND DE. On Power, Its Nature and the History of Its Growth. Translated by J. F. HUNTINGTON. New York: The Viking Press, 1949. Pp. xix-421.

The author is one of the most eminent French historians and sociologists.

TOYNBEE, A. J. A Study of History. Abridgement of 6 vols. by D. C. Somervell. New York: Oxford University Press, 1947. Pp. xiii-617. \$5.00.

Professor Toynbee plans a philosophy of history in nine volumes. Only the first six volumes have been published up to now.

XI. Philosophy.

CASSIRER, ERNST. An Essay on Man; An Introduction to a Philosophy of Human Culture. New Haven: Yale University Press, 1944. Pp. ix-237. \$3.00.

The author was an eminent German philosopher who emigrated to the United States when Hitler came to power. His book is a very readable introduction into the study of contemporary philosophy.

JAMES, WILLIAM. Selected Papers on Philosophy. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co., Inc., no. 739 of Everyman's Library. Pp. xvi-273. \$1.45.

The volume contains selected chapters from various books of William James, the eminent American philosopher.

LANGER, SUSANNE K. Philosophy in a New Key; A Study in the Symbolism of Reason, Rite, and Art. New American Library, Mentor Books, no. 25. 35¢.

Mrs. Langer's book makes some very difficult aspects of contemporary philosophy accessible to the general reader.

XII. Human Geography.

HUNTINGTON, ELLSWORTH. Mainsprings of Civilization. New York: John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1945. Pp. xii-660. \$4.75.

The author, late professor of Yale University, was the outstanding authority on problems of human geography. His books deal primarily with the influence of the soil and of the climate on economic and social conditions of the inhabitants. This book, his last, recapitulates the experiences of all his travels and studies.

XIII. Biology.

JENNINGS, H. S. The Biological Basis of Human Nature. New York: W. W. Norton & Co., Inc., 1930. Pp. xviii-384. \$4.25.

This book, written by the late professor of Johns Hopkins University, presents those aspects of modern experimental biology that are of interest in considering the problems of human personality and society.

XIV. Freedom of Science.

BAKER, JOHN R. Science and the Planned State. New York: Macmillan Co., 1945. Pp. 2 p. 1- 9-120. \$2.00.

An analysis of the problems raised by government interference with research in the field of the natural sciences.